

1.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^3 - 8}{x - 2}$

2.  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + h\right) - \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)}{h}$

3. Write the equation of the line tangent to the graph of  $y = 5x - \sin x$  at  $x = 2\pi$

4. Let  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 9x - 4, & x \leq 1 \\ 4x^2 + 1, & x > 1 \end{cases}$

Is this function continuous and/or differentiable at  $x = 1$

5. If  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(10+h) - f(10)}{h} = 25$ , then which of the following may we assume to be true:

I  $f(10) = 25$

II  $f'(10) = 25$

III  $f$  is both continuous and differentiable at  $x = 10$

6. Given the following information about differentiable functions  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  at  $x = 2$  determine the following:

| $x$ | $f(x)$ | $g(x)$ | $f'(x)$ | $g'(x)$ |
|-----|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| 2   | 8      | 2      | $2\pi$  | $e$     |

(a)  $\frac{d}{dx} [f(g(x))] \text{ at } x = 2$

(b)  $\frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{1}{f(x)} \right) \text{ at } x = 2$

(c)  $\frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{g(x)}{f(x)} \right] \text{ at } x = 2$

7. Find  $\frac{d}{dx} \left[ \sin \sqrt[3]{x} \right]$

8. Find  $f'(x)$  if  $f(x) = \frac{2x+3}{3x+2}$

9. Given  $25x^2 + 8x - 16y^2 - 4y - 9 = 0$

(a) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$

(b) Find any value(s) of  $x$  where the curve has a horizontal tangent

(c) Find the value(s) of  $y$  where the curve has a vertical tangent

10. What is the slope of the tangent line to the graph of  $y = \tan(2x)$  at  $x = \frac{\pi}{8}$ ?

***Some calculator-friendly problems:***

11. A particle moves along the x-axis so that any time  $t \geq 0$ , its velocity is given by

$v(t) = t^3 \sin t$ . Find the acceleration at  $t = 3$  AND determine if the speed is increasing or decreasing at  $t = 3$

12. A pebble is thrown into a pond forming ripples whose radius increases at a rate of 4 inches/second. How fast is the area of the ripple changing when the radius is 12 inches?

13. On the interval  $[0, \pi]$ , where do the graphs of  $f(x) = \tan x$  and  $g(x) = x^2$  have parallel tangent lines?

14.

The position  $s(t)$  of a particle is measured every 10 seconds and is provided in the table below.

|                  |   |    |    |    |    |    |
|------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| $t$ [in seconds] | 0 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 |
| $s(t)$ [in feet] | 0 | 12 | 15 | 17 | 30 | 60 |

(A) Estimate the instantaneous velocity of the particle at  $t = 25$  seconds. Include units.

(B) Find the average velocity for the time interval  $[0, 50]$

15. Find the following:

(A)  $\frac{d}{dx}[7 \cos^3(\pi x)]$

(B)  $\frac{d}{dt}\left[\frac{\pi}{3} r^2 h\right]$

16.

**2008 AP<sup>®</sup> CALCULUS AB FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS (Form B)**

6. Consider the closed curve in the  $xy$ -plane given by

$$x^2 + 2x + y^4 + 4y = 5.$$

(a) Show that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-(x+1)}{2(y^3+1)}$ .

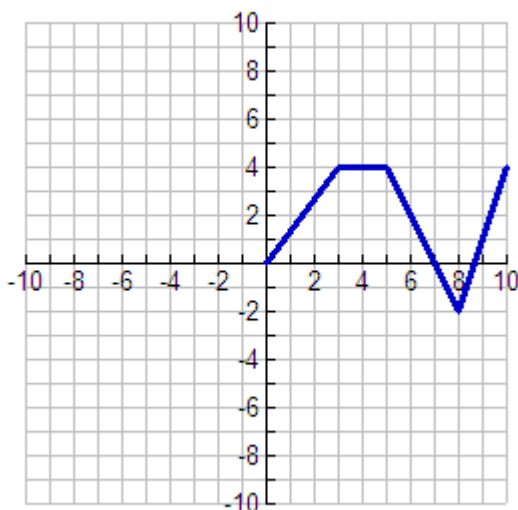
(b) Write an equation for the line tangent to the curve at the point  $(-2, 1)$ .

(c) Find the coordinates of the two points on the curve where the line tangent to the curve is vertical.

(d) Is it possible for this curve to have a horizontal tangent at points where it intersects the  $x$ -axis? Explain your reasoning.

17.

$v(t)$



GRAPH OF  $v(t)$   
 $t$  (MINUTES)

The graph above is the velocity graph of a particle moving along the  $x$ -axis.

- (A) When is the particle at rest? Justify.
- (B) When does the particle change direction? Justify.
- (C) What is the acceleration at time,  $t = 2$ .

Be sure to remember how to do anything that we have done on any projects, puzzles, or quizzes for this chapter. [I want to save paper!]

*Revised on 30 September 2009*